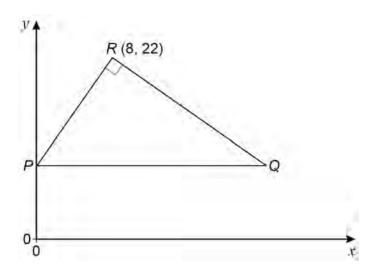
1	A straight line is perpendicular to the straight line through (2, 8) and (6, 15) and	
	passes through $(0, 9)$ and $(x, 17)$	
	Work out the value of x .	[4 marks]

2 Points *P*, *Q* and *R* (8, 22) form a triangle.



Not drawn accurately

PQ is a horizontal line, with P on the y-axis.

Angle PRQ is a right angle.

The gradient of PR is 2

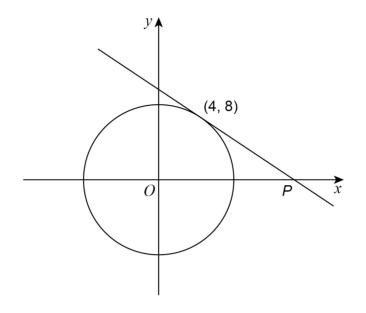
Work out the coordinates of Q.

[5 marks]

Answer (____ , ____

 $\mathbf{3}$ (4, 8) is a point on a circle, centre O.

The tangent at (4, 8) intersects the *x*-axis at *P*.



Not drawn accurately

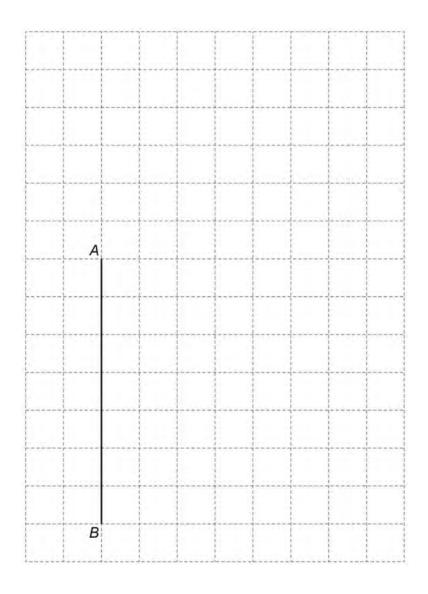
Work out the <i>x</i> -coordinate of <i>P</i> .	[5 marks

Answer

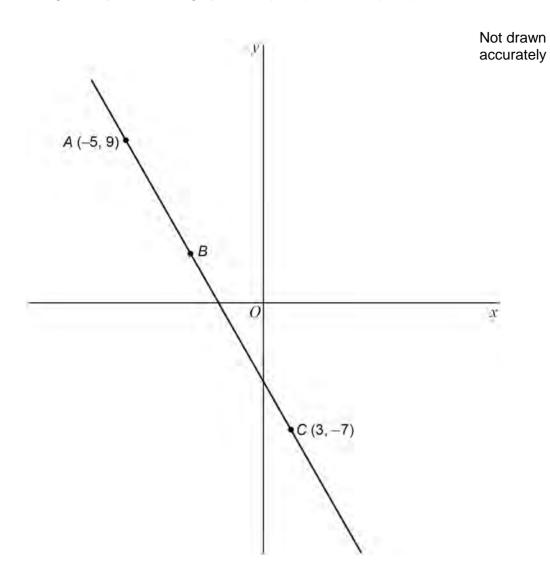
- 4 ABCDE is a pentagon with AB = 7 cm
 - *BC* = 6 cm
 - AB and BC are perpendicular.
 - AB and DC are equal and parallel.
 - Area of the pentagon = $54 \, \text{cm}^2$
 - The pentagon has exactly **one** line of symmetry.

Complete a labelled drawing of the pentagon.

[4 marks]



5 A straight line passes through points A (-5, 9), B and C (3, -7).



5 (a)	Work out the equation of the line perpendicular to AC that passes through C.	[4 marks]
	Answer	
	Answer	